A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING CONFORMING AMENDMENTS NECESSITATED BY THE
TRANSFER OF CERTAIN SAFETY AUTHORITIES FROM THE
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT TO THE
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY PURSUANT TO HOUSE BILL
12-1268.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov/.)

Statutory Revision Committee. In 2012, the general assembly transferred functions related to safety regulations for health facilities from
the department of public health and environment (CDPHE) to the department of public safety. The bill repeals statutory provisions that:

- Require CDPHE to adopt rules relating to fire safety of health facilities; and
- Allow CDPHE to establish a life safety code for health facilities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. Legislative declaration. The general assembly declares that the purpose of this act is to repeal obsolete statutory provisions relating to the Colorado department of public health and environment. The general assembly further declares that repealing these statutory provisions does not alter the scope or applicability of the remaining statutes.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1-108, amend (1)(c)(II); and repeal (1)(c)(III) and (1)(c)(IV) as follows:

25-1-108. Powers and duties of state board of health. (1) In addition to all other powers and duties conferred and imposed upon the state board of health by the provisions of this part 1, the board has the following specific powers and duties:

- (c) (II) To adopt rules and standards concerning building regulations and fire safety for skilled and intermediate health care facilities. The enforcement of these rules and regulations may be waived by the board for periods of time as recommended by the department if the rigid application thereof would result in demonstrated financial hardship to a skilled or intermediate facility, but only if the waiver will not adversely affect the health and safety of patients.

- (III) All rules, regulations, and standards adopted prior to
February 21, 1947, by the board concerning building regulations or fire 
safety for nursing homes which are more strict than those provided by the 
highest standards as set forth in this paragraph (c) are nullified by this 
section, but nothing contained in this paragraph (c) shall be construed to 
prevent the department from adopting and enforcing, with respect to 
projects for which federal assistance has been obtained or shall be 
requested, such higher standards as may be required by applicable federal 
laws or regulations of federal agencies responsible for the administration 
of such federal laws.

(IV) For the purpose of this part 1, all rules, regulations, and 
standards adopted prior to February 21, 1947, by the board or any board; 
office, or bureau whose duties are by virtue of this section transferred to 
the board or the department, in effect immediately prior to February 21, 
1947, and not inconsistent with the authority of the board as provided in 
this part 1 shall remain in full force and effect until superseded by rules; 
regulations, or standards duly adopted pursuant to this paragraph (c) by 
the board in conformance with this part 1, to the same effect as though 
such rules, regulations, and standards were adopted subsequent to the 
passage of this part 1 in full conformance therewith.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-103, amend 
(3.5) as follows:

25-1.5-103. Health facilities - powers and duties of department 
- limitations on rules promulgated by department - definitions. 
(3.5) (a) (I) The department of public health and environment may 
establish life safety code and physical plant requirements for an 
occupancy that is contiguous with an acute treatment unit if the 
occupancy is operated by the acute treatment unit licensee and the
services provided by the occupancy are outpatient services certified in accordance with article 65 of title 27 C.R.S.; to determine appropriate placement or detoxification services licensed by the department of human services. The services provided by the occupancy shall benefit acute treatment unit clients, although the occupancy may also provide such services to other populations. It shall be at the discretion of the acute treatment unit licensee to either construct the necessary fire safety separations between the occupancy and the acute treatment unit or assume fiscal and administrative responsibility for assuring that the occupancy meets the life safety code requirements as specified and verified by the department of public health and environment.

(II) The state board of health may promulgate rules authorizing the department of public health and environment to assess a penalty of up to one hundred dollars per day if the department finds that an occupancy does not comply with life safety code requirements. The department shall only assess the penalty after the acute treatment unit licensee has had an opportunity to correct the noncompliance.

(III) Nothing in this subsection (3.5) shall be construed to extend the life safety code authority of the department of public health and environment to an occupancy that is not subject to licensure by the department and that has the appropriate fire safety separations between the occupancy and the acute treatment unit.

(b) A licensee that is subject to life safety code oversight of one or more occupancies pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection (3.5) shall pay a fee or fees in accordance with rules promulgated by the state board of health.

(c) Any moneys collected pursuant to this subsection (3.5) shall
be transmitted to the state treasurer, who shall credit the same to the
health facilities general licensure cash fund created in section 25-3-103.1.

SECTION 4. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the
ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August
2, 2019, if adjournment sine die is on May 3, 2019); except that, if a
referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the
state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act
within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect
unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
November 2020 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the
official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.