	egislative Council Staff onpartisan Services for Colorado's Leg		SB 18-125 SCAL NOTE	
Drafting Number: Prime Sponsors:	LLS 18-0757 Sen. Gardner; Kagan	Date: Bill Status: Fiscal Analyst:	Senate Business	
Bill Topic:	TITLE INSURANCE ENTITY FIDUCIARY DUTIES			
Summary of Fiscal Impact:	 State Revenue (potential) State Expenditure (minimal State Transfer 	 TABOR Refund Local Government Statutory Public Entity 		
	This bill requires title insurance companies and agents to hold funds belonging to others in a fiduciary capacity and the Commissioner of Insurance to promulgate rules to that effect. A violation of this provision is an unfair or deceptive act. This increases state workload by a minimal amount on an ongoing basis.			
Appropriation Summary:	No appropriation is required.			
Fiscal Note Status:	The fiscal note reflects the int	roduced bill.		

Table 1State Fiscal Impacts under SB 18-125

		FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20
Revenue	General Fund	<\$5,000	<\$5,000
Expenditures			
Transfers			

Page 2 February 12, 2018

Summary of Legislation

This bill requires title insurance companies and agents to hold funds belonging to others in a fiduciary capacity. These funds include the underwriter portion of title insurance premiums, earnest money, loan and seller proceeds, homeowner association dues, and any other money received in conjunction with closing and settlement services other than the fees charged by the title insurance company or agent for the closing and settlement of a real estate transaction. The Commissioner of Insurance is required to promulgate rules regarding the preservation and protection of fiduciary funds. A violation of this provision is an unfair act or deceptive practice.

State Revenue

The bill potentially increases General Fund revenue beginning in FY 2018-19 from fines assessed on insurance carriers by the Division of Insurance in the Department of Regulatory Agencies (DORA) for failure to meet the requirements of the bill. The fiscal note assumes a high level of compliance by insurance carriers and that any violations that occur will likely be addressed and resolved through cease and desist orders from the Division of Insurance. Therefore, the potential increase in fine revenue is assumed to be minimal (less than \$5,000 per year).

State Expenditures

Division of Insurance. Although the bill will become law during FY 2017-18, the fiscal note assumes that the rulemaking will not occur until FY 2018-19 during the normal course of business for the Commissioner of Insurance. The fiscal note assumes a high rate of compliance with the provisions of the bill, so enforcement actions by the Division of Insurance are expected to be minimal. This workload increase can be accomplished within current appropriations.

Attorney General. Workload in the Attorney General's office may also minimally increase to the extent that deceptive trade practice complaints are filed under the bill. The office will review complaints under the bill within the annual body of deceptive trade practice complaints and assess which complaints to investigate within existing appropriations.

Effective Date

The bill takes effect upon signature of the Governor, or upon becoming law without his signature.

State and Local Government Contacts

Information Technology Law

Regulatory Agencies