

FINAL FISCAL NOTE

Drafting Number: Prime Sponsors:

LLS 18-1272 Rep. Herod

Sen. Fields

Date: August 3, 2018

Bill Status: Postponed Indefinitely Fiscal Analyst: Josh Abram | 303-866-3561

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Bill Topic:

PROHIBIT HOUSING DISCRIMINATION SOURCE OF INCOME

Summary of **Fiscal Impact:** State Expenditure

□ State Transfer

□ TABOR Refund

Statutory Public Entity

The bill adds discrimination based on source of income as a type of unfair housing practice. The bill increases state and local revenue, expenditures, and workload on an ongoing basis.

Appropriation Summary:

No appropriation is required.

Fiscal Note Status:

The fiscal note reflects the introduced bill. The bill was not enacted into law;

therefore, the impacts identified in this analysis do not take effect.

Table 1 State Fiscal Impacts Under HB 18-1432

		FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20
Revenue	Cash Funds	Up to \$5,000	Up to \$5,000
Expenditures		-	-
Transfers		-	-
TABOR Refund		Up to \$5,000	Up to \$5,000

Summary of Legislation

The bill adds discrimination based on source of income as a type of unfair housing practice. Under this bill, no person may:

- refuse to lease residential housing based on a potential tenant's source of income;
- discriminate in the terms of a rental agreement based on a person's source of income, or based on a person's receipt of public housing assistance;
- include in any rental advertisement a limitation or preference based on source of income; or
- use representations related to a person's source of income to induce another person to rent or lease property.

Background

Under the federal Fair Housing Act, tenants are protected from housing discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability, and familial status. In Colorado, these categories are expanded to include sexual orientation, sexual identification, ancestry, creed, marital status, and landlord retaliation. Local governments can impose additional regulations on the rights and duties of landlords and tenants.

Tenants who believe they have been discriminated against may file a complaint with either the Civil Rights Division within the Department of Regulatory Agencies (DORA), or the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. If the Attorney General in the Department of Law (DOL) has probable cause to believe that an individual or group has engaged in an unfair housing practice, he or she may commence a civil action in the courts.

State Revenue and Expenditures

The bill will result in a minimal cash fund revenue increase from court filings in the Judicial Department, and a minimal workload increase in the Department of Law, the Department of Regulatory Agencies, and the Department of Local Affairs. These impacts begin in FY 2018-19.

Judicial Department. By expanding the definition of unfair housing practices, trial courts may be called upon to review and rule on administrative actions taken against individuals related to unfair housing practices. Courts may also experience a small increase in the number of civil actions brought by tenants against landlords and property owners, thereby minimally increasing workload, and court revenue from filings, currently about \$97 per case filed in county court and about \$225 per case filed in district court. Total new revenue in any fiscal year is anticipated to be less than \$5,000.

Department of Law. The DOL provides regulatory guidance and legal services to state agencies, and may initiate legal action against individuals engaged in unfair housing practices. Although few criminal proceedings are anticipated, the bill will minimally increase the amount of services the department provides to client agencies regarding enforcement of unfair housing practices and the regulation of real estate professionals. No change in appropriations is required.

Department of Regulatory Agencies. State law provides for the administrative discipline for violations of state and federal fair housing laws. The Colorado Civil Rights Commission in the DORA can anticipate a slight increase in the number of professionals accused of unfair housing practices and the administrative effort those accusations create. No change in appropriations is required.

Department of Local Affairs (DOLA). The Division of Housing in DOLA provides rental assistance statewide through local housing authorities and non-profit service organizations. The bill will minimally increase workload in the division to update information sources and provide guidance concerning the law to clients and partner service agencies. This effort does not require additional appropriations.

TABOR Impact

This bill minimally increases state revenue from court filing fees, which will minimally increase the amount of money required to be refunded under TABOR for FY 2018-19 and FY 2019-20. Since the bill increases the TABOR refund obligation without a corresponding change in General Fund revenue, the amount of money available in the General Fund for the budget will decrease by an identical amount.

Local Government and Statutory Public Entity Impact

The bill will increase workload for the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority, as well as other local housing authorities, to update policies, and to modify documents used to communicate with real estate professionals and home buyers.

Effective Date

The bill was postponed indefinitely by the Senate State, Veterans and Military Affairs Committee on May 4, 2018.

State and Local Government Contacts

Counties Judicial Law

Local Affairs Municipalities Regulatory Agencies