A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING A STRATEGIC ACTION PLAN TO ADDRESS TEACHER SHORTAGES IN COLORADO.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill requires the department of higher education in partnership with the department of education to examine recruitment, preparation, and retention of teachers and to prepare a strategic plan to address teacher shortages in school districts and public schools within the state. The departments must collaborate with institutions of higher education, school districts, and other educational interest groups in preparing the plan. The
department of higher education must submit the plan to the Colorado commission on higher education, the state board of education, and the education committees of the general assembly by December 1, 2017.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 23-1-120.9 as follows:

23-1-120.9. Department study - teacher shortage - legislative declaration - repeal. (1) (a) The general assembly finds that:

(I) In December 2016, the department of higher education and the department of education issued the 2016 legislative report on educator preparation in Colorado. The report found that:

(A) The number of persons who completed a teacher preparation program at a Colorado college or university in the 2015-16 academic year declined by two and two-tenths percent from the previous year. This is the sixth consecutive year in which the number of teacher preparation program graduates has declined, leading to a total decline of twenty-four and four-tenths percent from 2010 through 2016. This decrease in teacher preparation program graduates is reflected in national and global statistics as well.

(B) The number of students who enroll in teacher preparation programs continues to be low, and in the 2015-16 academic year, there were significant declines in the number of students who enrolled in teacher preparation programs. The low enrollment numbers are expected to continue having a negative impact on the number of teacher preparation program graduates.

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GRADUATES FOR THE NEXT FOUR TO FIVE YEARS.

(C) The number of students who enroll in undergraduate programs in math, science, and English language arts has also significantly decreased, negatively affecting the number of students who are prepared to seek teacher preparation and a teacher license in these areas; and

(D) Rural school districts continue to have difficulty recruiting and retaining teachers in the historically hard-to-staff endorsement and licensure areas of math, science, and English language arts, and the overall teacher shortage has a particularly dramatic impact on rural school districts, especially those on Colorado's eastern plains.

(II) In addition to decreasing numbers of persons entering the teaching profession, increasing numbers of teachers are leaving the profession, some after only teaching a few years, some retiring with several years' experience. Based on data from the 2011-12 and 2012-13 academic years, six and three-tenths percent of teachers left the profession during those years and eight and four-tenths percent were planning to leave either as soon as possible or as soon as a more desirable job opportunity became available.

(III) Recent research demonstrates that the factors that most influence a teacher's decision to leave the teaching profession are:

(A) Salaries and other compensation;

(B) Teacher preparation and the costs of entering the profession;
(C) Hiring practices and personnel management;
(D) Induction programs and support for new teachers; and
(E) Working conditions, including school leadership, the
opportunity for professional collaboration and shared
decision-making, administrative requirements, and resources for
teaching and learning;

(IV) The media report that it is difficult for urban school
districts to fill teaching positions and that the teacher
shortage in rural school districts in Colorado is at a near crisis
level; and

(V) The circumstances and the causes of teacher
shortages in school districts vary widely across the state.
Strategies to address the teacher shortages in various school
districts must be tailored to the particular circumstances of
each school district.

(b) The general assembly finds, therefore, that it is
necessary that the department of higher education, in
collaboration with the department of education, study the
teacher shortage in Colorado to identify the reasons for the
shortage and to recommend strategies for improving the
recruitment and retention of teachers in all areas of the state.

(2) The department of higher education in partnership
with the department of education shall create a strategic
action plan to address teacher shortages in school districts and
public schools within the state. The departments shall prepare
the plan in collaboration with, at a minimum, institutions of
higher education, a statewide organization representing school
DISTRICTS, A STATEWIDE ORGANIZATION REPRESENTING BOARDS OF
COOPERATIVE SERVICES, ALTERNATIVE TEACHER PREPARATION
PROGRAMS, A STATEWIDE ORGANIZATION REPRESENTING TEACHERS, A
STATEWIDE ORGANIZATION REPRESENTING CHARTER SCHOOLS, A
STATEWIDE ORGANIZATION REPRESENTING ADMINISTRATORS, AND
EDUCATION ADVOCACY GROUPS, AS WELL AS OTHER INTERESTED PERSONS
OR ORGANIZATIONS. TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE, THE DEPARTMENTS
MUST SEEK CONSENSUS AMONG THE COLLABORATORS ON THE
RECOMMENDED STRATEGIES AND MUST INDICATE IN THE PLAN WHETHER
THE RECOMMENDED STRATEGIES ARE SUPPORTED BY CONSENSUS. IN
PREPARING THE PLAN, THE DEPARTMENT OF HIGHER EDUCATION SHALL, AT
A MINIMUM:

(a) EXAMINE STUDENT ENROLLMENT IN AND COMPLETION OF
TRADITIONAL AND ALTERNATIVE TEACHER PREPARATION PROGRAMS AND
RECOMMEND STRATEGIES TO INCREASE ENROLLMENTS AND THE
PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS COMPLETING OR GRADUATING FROM ALL
TEACHER PREPARATION PROGRAMS;

(b) IDENTIFY FINANCIAL RESOURCES AVAILABLE TO ASSIST
STUDENTS WHO ENROLL IN TRADITIONAL AND ALTERNATIVE TEACHER
PREPARATION PROGRAMS AND RECOMMEND STRATEGIES TO INCREASE THE
AMOUNT OF RESOURCES AND STUDENT AWARENESS OF RESOURCES;

(c) IDENTIFY THE SPECIFIC SUBJECT AREAS, GRADE LEVELS, AND
GEOGRAPHIC AREAS OF THE STATE IN WHICH TEACHER SHORTAGES EXIST
OR ARE LIKELY TO EXIST WITHIN FIVE YEARS AND STRATEGIES FOR
ADDRESSING THE SHORTAGES IN THESE SPECIFIC AREAS;

(d) IDENTIFY SCHOOL DISTRICT OR SCHOOL PRACTICES THAT
CREATE OBSTACLES FOR RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION AND RECOMMEND
STRATEGIES FOR REMOVING THESE OBSTACLES AND IMPROVING
RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION OF TEACHERS, WHICH MAY INCLUDE
STRATEGIES FOR IMPROVING INDUCTION PROGRAMS;

(e) EXAMINE RELEVANT AND CREDIBLE RESEARCH THAT
IDENTIFIES THE COMMON REASONS TEACHERS LEAVE THE TEACHING
PROFESSION AND OTHERWISE IDENTIFY ANY OTHER REASONS PREVALENT
AMONG COLORADO TEACHERS AND RECOMMEND STRATEGIES TO ADDRESS
THESE REASONS;

(f) IDENTIFY OBSTACLES TO LICENSURE AND MOBILITY WITHIN THE
STATE AND RECOMMEND STRATEGIES TO REDUCE THESE OBSTACLES,
INCLUDING INCREASING TEACHERS' ABILITY TO TRANSFER AMONG SCHOOL
DISTRICTS, IDENTIFYING CRITERIA FOR AN EXPEDITED LICENSING PROCESS
FOR LICENSED TEACHERS WHO MOVE TO COLORADO, AND SUPPORTING
PROFESSIONAL PREPARATION;

(g) ENSURE THAT THE PLAN TAKES INTO ACCOUNT DIFFERENCES
AMONG THE SCHOOL DISTRICTS THROUGHOUT THE STATE WHEN
IDENTIFYING STRATEGIES TO ADDRESS THE TEACHER SHORTAGE IN ALL
AREAS OF THE STATE; AND

(h) EXAMINE AND IDENTIFY THE ANTICIPATED COSTS ASSOCIATED
WITH IMPLEMENTING THE STRATEGIES IDENTIFIED IN THE PLAN.

(3) ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 1, 2017, THE DEPARTMENT OF
HIGHER EDUCATION SHALL SUBMIT THE STRATEGIC ACTION PLAN TO
ADDRESS TEACHER SHORTAGES IN THE STATE TO THE COMMISSION, THE
STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION, AND THE EDUCATION COMMITTEES OF THE
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE SENATE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR
COMMITTEES. THE DEPARTMENT OF HIGHER EDUCATION SHALL ALSO POST
THE COMPLETED PLAN ON THE DEPARTMENT WEBSITE FOR PUBLIC ACCESS.
(4) THIS SECTION IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018.

SECTION 2. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 9, 2017, if adjournment sine die is on May 10, 2017); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2018 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.