## Second Regular Session Seventieth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **INTRODUCED**

LLS NO. R16-1225.01 Vanessa Cleaver x4636

HJR16-1012

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## **HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 16-1012**

101 CONCERNING RECOGNITION OF "CÉSAR CHÁVEZ DAY" AND
 102 HONORING DOLORES HUERTA.

WHEREAS, César Estrada Chávez was born on March 31, 1927,
 on a small farm near Yuma, Arizona, and was raised by migrant farm
 workers; and

WHEREAS, During the Great Depression, César Chávez's father
lost his small farming business, and they, like many other families,
became migrant workers. They joined some 30,000 workers who
followed the crops from Arizona into southern California; and

8 WHEREAS, César Chávez left school after the eighth grade to 9 labor in the fields and vineyards of the Southwest to help support his 10 family; and

- WHEREAS, In 1944, at the age of 17, César Chávez joined the
   Navy and served his country; and
- WHEREAS, After experiencing years of discrimination and unfair
  working conditions, César Chávez dedicated his life to improving the
  plight of farm workers through struggle, sacrifice, and self-denial; and
- 6 WHEREAS, César Chávez formed his own organization in 1962,
  7 the National Farm Workers Association, which later became the United
  8 Farm Workers of America (UFW), to help farm workers like himself win
  9 equal rights and fair treatment; and
- WHEREAS, When recognizing César Chávez, it is only right to
   recognize the accomplishments of UFW cofounder Dolores Huerta, for
   her work on behalf of farm workers; and
- WHEREAS, Dolores Huerta brought forward a unique voice onbehalf of women to ensure all workers had fair representation; and
- WHEREAS, In 1965, César Chávez led a strike of California
  grape pickers to demand higher wages and urged all Americans to boycott
  table grapes as a show of support; and
- WHEREAS, César Chávez believed in the principles of
  nonviolence practiced by Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. Martin Luther King,
  Jr., and used tactics such as boycotts, marches, strikes, and fasts to lead
  a successful five-year boycott that gained millions of supporters and new
  members for farm labor unions across the United States; and
- WHEREAS, By 1970, César Chávez and the UFW had persuaded
   grape growers to accept union contracts and had successfully organized
   almost the entire industry; and
- WHEREAS, During a fast in 1972, César Chávez and Dolores
  Huerta coined the phrase "Sí, se puede", which in English means "Yes,
  it can be done", reflecting their conviction that failure happens only by
  giving up on nonviolent tactics; and
- WHEREAS, The work of César Chávez was informed by his
   devout Catholic faith, and he traditionally included images of Our Lady
   of Guadalupe at marches and demonstrations and led supporters in

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	praying the rosary; and
1	praying the robary, and

2 3 4	WHEREAS, In 1975, César Chávez and the UFW's efforts resulted in the California Agricultural Labor Relations Act, a groundbreaking law protecting the right of farm workers to unionize; and		
5 6 7	WHEREAS, César Chávez tirelessly devoted himself to making all people aware of the struggles of farm workers and their need for better pay and safer working conditions; and		
8 9	WHEREAS, César Chávez and the organization he cofounded with Dolores Huerta, the UFW, achieved the following:		
10 11	! The first collective bargaining agreement bet workers and growers in the continental United		
12 13 14	! The first union contracts requiring rest per drinking water, hand washing facilities, and clothing against pesticide exposure; and		
15 16 17	! The first ban on pesticide spraying while work the fields and the first ban on DDT and other pesticides; and		
18 19	! The first and only performing pension plan for a workers; and	etired farm	
20 21 22 23	! The first union contracts regulating safety a conditions in farm labor camps and banning disc in employment and sexual harassment of fema and	crimination	
24 25	! Abolition of the use of the infamous short-hand crippled generations of farm workers; and	led hoe that	
26 27	Extension of state coverage under uner disability, and workers' compensation to farm w		
28 29			
30	WHEREAS, In 1994, President Bill Clinton posthumously		

- awarded César Chávez the Presidential Medal of Freedom, the highest
   civilian honor in the United States; and
- 3 WHEREAS, César Chávez influenced and inspired millions of 4 Americans to seek social justice and civil rights for the poor and 5 disenfranchised in our society; now, therefore,
- 6 Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the Seventieth 7 General Assembly of the State of Colorado, the Senate concurring herein:

8 That we, the members of the General Assembly, honor a man and 9 woman who devoted their lives to improving the working conditions, 10 safety, and dignity of so many on the day that the entire state observes as 11 "César Chávez Day", March 31, 2016, while recognizing Dolores Huerta.

12 Be It Further Resolved, That copies of this Joint Resolution be sent to State Senator Rob Hernandez, who, with State Representative Frana 13 Mace, was the prime sponsor on Senate Joint Resolution 99-043, 14 "Recognizing César Chávez"; State Representative Fran Coleman; State 15 Representative Val Vigil; State Senator Polly Baca; State Senator Abel 16 Tapia; each member of Colorado's congressional delegation; Dolores 17 18 Huerta of the Dolores Huerta Foundation; Dr. Ramón Del Castillo, 19 cofounder of the César Chávez Peace and Justice Committee and Professor and Chair of the Chicana and Chicano Studies Department at 20 Metropolitan State University of Denver; Woodbury Library in Denver; 21 the members of the Pueblo City Council; César Chávez Academy in 22 23 Pueblo; Denver Mayor Michael Hancock; and the members of the Denver 24 City Council, in recognition of their efforts to promote "César Chávez 25 Day".