A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING RECOGNITION OF THE THIRD SATURDAY IN MAY AS A STATE HOLIDAY, AND, IN CONNECTION THERewith, DESIGNATING THE THIRD SATURDAY IN MAY AS "PUBLIC LANDS DAY".

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

The bill designates the fourth Monday in March as "Public Lands Day" to recognize the significant contributions that national public lands within Colorado make to wildlife, recreation, the economy, and to
Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that:

(a) Colorado contains a variety of national, state, and local public lands, including national parks, national forests, wildlife refuges, monuments, wilderness areas, and other public lands;

(b) Colorado's public lands reflect many of our most noble democratic ideals, because they are open and accessible to everyone, no matter how rich or poor;

(c) Colorado's public lands are defining features of the state and are a foundation for our quality of life by supporting the vitality of our communities, as well as representing Colorado's common heritage, fossils marking where dinosaurs roamed, ancient ruins and petroglyphs dotting the canyons, and historic mining towns nestled in steep-sided valleys;

(d) Colorado's public lands feature an amazingly diverse range of landscapes, from the snow-capped peaks of the Rocky Mountains down to rushing rivers, red rock canyons to grassy plains, grasslands, and tree-lined mountain valleys;

(e) Colorado's public lands provide many benefits to our residents and support a wide variety of activities, from recreational pursuits, such as hunting, fishing, hiking, biking, cross-country skiing, and rafting, to natural resource development;

(f) Colorado's public lands have a substantial impact on economic development and jobs through mineral extraction, timber sales, ranching, tourism, and the outdoor recreation industry;
(g) Colorado's public lands contribute to Colorado's clean air and

clean water; ___

(h) Coloradans will benefit when the three levels of government

in the federal, state, and local government systems are working in greater

harmony and in partnership, which acknowledges the unique capacity of

local law enforcement to positively influence matters of public safety, to

serve diverse public needs for access and utilization of public lands;

(i) Coloradans of all races, ethnicities, occupations, and lifestyles

continue to derive multiple benefits from the traditional, long-standing

multiple-use management philosophy of public lands under the

stewardship of the National Forest Service and the United States Bureau

of Land Management, practices that reflect the public support for policies

incorporating a judicious balance between aesthetic, ecological,

recreational, and economic values;

(j) Coloradans have demonstrated for over a century the ability to

balance the values of preservation, conservation, and economic

productivity, clearly indicating that these values are not in conflict; and

(k) Early and consistent cooperative and collaborative

involvement of local governments in federal land management

decision-making processes can improve federal land management

outcomes, reduce conflict, and save state, local, and federal resources;

and

(l) Local citizens and state agencies should be consulted and relied

upon to lead efforts to protect endangered species.

(2) The general assembly further finds and declares that:

(a) It is imperative to encourage effective cooperative and

collaborative engagement among counties, municipalities, the state, and
federal land management agencies; and

(b) It is appropriate for the state to publicly observe and pay
tribute to the importance of Colorado's public lands by observing Public
Lands Day on the third Saturday in May in each year.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 24-11-113 as
follows:

24-11-113. Public lands day. (1) The third Saturday in May
in each year is known as "Public Lands Day", and appropriate
observance may be held by the public and in all public schools
of the state in tribute to the importance of public lands in the
state.

(2) Annually the governor shall issue a proclamation
calling for the celebration of Public Lands Day.

SECTION 3. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the
ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August
10, 2016, if adjournment sine die is on May 11, 2016); except that, if a
referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the
state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act
within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect
unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
November 2016 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the
official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.